



Biological Monitoring Data Form for Rocky Bottom Method

Name of Stream:	Site ID:					
Your Name:	Name of	Name of Certified Monitor(s):				
Group or Organization Name:		Number of	of Participants:_			
Latitude:	Longitud	de:				
County/State:	Survey Date:	Start Time: _	End	End Time:		
Description of Site Location:						
ROCKY BOTTOM SAMPLING						
Using a kick-siene net, take up to fou rocks, 25% of the time disturbing the least 200 macroinvertebrates. Write the three mesh size used.	streambed). Adjust the leng	gth of the samplir	ng period to ensi	ure you collect at		
Net 1sec	let 3sec Net 4	sec Net mes	sh size: □ 1/16"	□ 1/32" □ 1/50"		
PHYSICAL CONDITIONS (check all	that apply)					
Today: □ Sunny □ Ov	vercast □ Intermittent Rair	n □ Steady Rain	☐ Heavy Rain	□Snow		
Yesterday: ☐ Sunny ☐ Ov	vercast □ Intermittent Rair	n □ Steady Rain	☐ Heavy Rain	□Snow		
Day Before Yesterday: ☐ Sunny ☐ Ov	vercast □ Intermittent Rair	n □ Steady Rain	☐ Heavy Rain	□ Snow		
Water TemperatureF° or C° (circle F° or C°)	Avg. Stream Widthf	t. Avg. Stream [Depthin.	Flow Rate (high, normal, low, negligible)		
OTHER COMMENTS						

MACROINVERTEBRATE COUNT

Macroinvertebrate	Tally	Count
Alderflies, Fishflies, and Hellgrammites		
alla neigrallillines		
Beetles		
Black Flies		
S Control		
Caddisflies (not Common Netspinning)		
THE PARTY OF THE P		
Clams		
Common Netspinning Caddiflies		
Crayfish		
Dragonflies and Damselflies		
Flat Worms		
Gilled Snails		

Macroinvertebrate	Tally	Count
Leeches		
Lunged Snails		
16		
Mayflies		
Midges		
ALTERNATION OF THE PARTY OF THE		
Scuds		
(SIN		
Sowbugs		
Can be		
Stoneflies		
True Flies		
Worms		
Other benthic macroinvertebrates		
Total number of organisms in the		
sample (include "other" category)		

INDIVIDUAL METRICS

	Organism Groups	Number of Organisms		Total Number of Organisms in the Sample		Percent (This is your value for this metric.)
Metric 1	Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies (not Common Netspinning)		÷		Multiply by 100	%
Metric 2	Common Netspinning Caddisflies		÷		Multiply by 100	%
Metric 3	Lunged Snails		÷		Multiply by 100	%
Metric 4	Beetles		÷		Multiply by 100	%

Metric 5: Tolerant		Metric 6: Non-Insect	
Organism Groups	Number of Organisms	Organism Groups	Number of Organisms
Black Flies		Clams	
Clams		Crayfish	
Dragonflies and Damselflies		Flatworms	
Flatworms		Gilled Snails	
Leeches		Leeches	
Lunged Snails		Lunged Snails	
Midges		Scuds	
Scuds		Sowbugs	
Sowbugs		Worms	
Worms			
		Total Tolerant	
Total Tolerant			÷
	÷	Total number of organisms	·
Total number of organisms		in sample	
in sample			Multiply by 100
	Multiply by 100	Percent	%
Percent	%	(This is your value for Metric 6.)	
(This is your value for Metric 5.)			

MULTIMETRIC INDEX (STREAM HEALTH SCORE)

Metric Organism	Your Metric Value	2	1	0
Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies		Greater than 32.2	16.1 - 32.2	Less than 16.1
Caddiflies: Common Netspinning		Less than 19.7	19.7 - 34.5	Greater than 34.5
Snails: Lunged		Less than 0.3	0.3 - 1.5	Greater than 1.5
Beetles		Greater than 6.4	3.2 - 6.4	Less than 3.2
Tolerant		Less than 46.7	46.7 - 61.5	Greater than 61.5
Non-Insects		Less than 5.4	5.4 - 20.8	Greater than 20.8
		Total # of 2s:	Total # of 1s:	Total # of Os:
	SUBTOTALS	Multiply by 2:	Multiply by 1:	Multiply by 0:
	Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies Caddiflies: Common Netspinning Snails: Lunged Beetles Tolerant	Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies Caddiflies: Common Netspinning Snails: Lunged Beetles Tolerant Non-Insects	Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies Caddiflies: Common Netspinning Less than 19.7 Snails: Lunged Less than 0.3 Beetles Greater than 6.4 Tolerant Less than 46.7 Total # of 2s:	Mayflies + Stoneflies + Most Caddisflies Greater than 32.2 16.1 - 32.2 Caddifflies: Common Netspinning Less than 19.7 19.7 - 34.5 Snails: Lunged Less than 0.3 0.3 - 1.5 Beetles Greater than 6.4 3.2 - 6.4 Tolerant Less than 46.7 46.7 - 61.5 Non-Insects Less than 5.4 5.4 - 20.8 Total # of 2s: Total # of 1s:

Add the three subtotals to get the Save Our Streams Multimetric Index Score:
□ Acceptable Ecological Condition (9 – 12)
\square Ecological conditions cannot be determined at this time (8)
□ Unacceptable Ecological Condition (0 – 7)

STREAM CONDITIONS

indicators: ☐ scattered individuals ☐ scattered schools ☐ trout (pollution sensitive) ☐ bass (somewhat sensitive) ☐ catfish (pollution tolerant) ☐ carp (pollution tolerant)	Barriers to fish movement: beaver dams man-made dams waterfalls (> 1 ft.) none other	Surface water appearance: clear clear, but tea-colored colored sheen (oily) foamy milky muddy black grey other	Streambed deposit (bottom): grey orange/red yellow black brown silt sand other
Odor: musky oil sewage other none	Stability of streambed (bed sinks beneath your feet in): no spots a few spots many spots	Algae appearance: ☐ light green ☐ dark green ☐ brown coated ☐ matted on stream bed ☐ hairy	Algae located: □ everywhere □ in spots % bed covered
Stream channel shade: ☐ More than 75% full ☐ 50% - 74% high ☐ 25% - 49% moderate ☐ 1% - 24% slight ☐ none	Streambank composition (=100%):% trees% shrubs% grass% bare soil% rocks% other	Streambank erosion: More than 75% severe 50% - 75% high 25% - 49% moderate 1% - 24% slight none	Riffle composition (=100%):% silt (mud)% sand (1/16" - ¼" grains)% gravel (1/4" - 2" stones)% cobbles (2" - 10" stones)% boulders (> 10" stones)
	ing land uses within a on al impact to the quality o Urban uses (p	of your stream. arking lots, highways, etc.) ill ction	ELING SITE) g site have a high (H), moderate (M) Agriculture (type:) Trash dump Fields Livestock Pasture Other

Please send your data sheets to your regional coordinator or submit them online at www.vasos.org. If you have any questions about this protocol, please contact the VA SOS Coordinator at wasos@iwla.org. Data sheets must be stored for five years after sampling. If you are unable to keep your datasheets, please contact the VA SOS Coordinator.